

Name _____

Novel Terms

1. The novel is more complex than the short story in the following areas: setting, character, plot, conflict and _____.
2. Theme is what the story is really about (the message).
3. A novel may have multiple plots. When there is more than one story line, it is called parallel plotting.
4. When the point of view carries the reader into the mind of the character, it is called stream of consciousness.
5. Subplots are secondary plots with secondary characters.
6. Flashback is a detailed description of what happened in the past.
7. The general term for figures of speech is imagery.
8. Tone is the author's attitude toward the story.
9. Mood is the feeling developed through the characters and setting.
10. The protagonist is the central character.
11. The antagonist may bring about conflict the the main character.
12. A symbol is an image, character, etc. which stands for an idea or concept.
13. A cliffhanger is an unresolved situation which encourages the reader to continue.

Point of View

1. Omniscient is all knowing. The story presents the thoughts of all characters.
2. Limited omniscient is when the story is told from the viewpoint of one character.
3. multiple points of view are when the story is told by more than one character.